Classifying Matter

	Name:
Open Note, closed classmate.	
Question 1 (1 point)	
Which of the following is a pure substance?	
A. A pencil	
B. A nail	
C. A sheet of notebook paper	
D. An apple	
Question 2 (1 point)	
In oxides of nitrogen, such as $\rm N_2O$, NO, NO $_2$, and $\rm N_2O_3$, atoms combine in small whole-nuthe law of	umber ratios. This evidence supports
A. conservation of matter.	
B. multiple proportions.	
C. definite proportions.	
D. mass action.	
Question 3 (1 point)	
Which of the following is heterogeneous?	
A. Granite	
B. Aluminum	
C. Sodium chloride	
D. Carbon dioxide	
Question 4 (1 point)	
Which of the following is NOT an element?	
A. Iron	
B. Bronze	
C. Copper	
D. Tin	
Question 5 (1 point)	
Which of the following is a metalloid?	
A. Arsenic	
B. Sulfur	
C. Aluminum	

___ D. Phosphorus

Question 6 (1 point)
Which of the following is NOT a conserved quantity?
A. Mass
B. Volume
C. Matter
D. Energy
Question 7 (1 point)
36 grams of HCI (hydrochloric acid) is reacted with 40. grams of NaOH (sodium hydroxide) to form water and salt. How many grams of products are formed?
A. 38 grams
B. 4 grams
C. 76 grams
D. 8.5 grams
Question 8 (1 point)
The two most important properties of all matter are
A. the ability to carry an electric current well and to hold electric charge.
B. taking up space and having mass.
C. being brittle and hard.
D. being malleable and ductile.